

Fig. 1. Hallicrafters TVI Proofed Radio-Transmitter Model HT-20

HALLICRAFTERS MODEL HT-20 TVI PROOFED RADIO TRANSMITTER

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The Model HT-20 is a precision built radio transmitter covering the frequency range of 1.7 mc to 30 mc and supplying 100 watts carrier power, with high level modulation (class AB2), at any frequency in its operating range. Provision is made for frequency control either by means of the built-in crystal holders for fixed frequency operation or by means of an external VFO (variable frequency oscillator). Switching is accomplished from the front panel enabling the operator to shift frequency without the use of plug-in coils. The entire unit is ruggedly constructed and built to the same high precision standards that have made Hallicrafters the world leader in the radio communication field.

TVI (TELEVISION INTERFERENCE)

Exceptional engineering ingenuity has been employed throughout the design and construction of the HT-20 to eliminate spurious and harmonic radiations that may cause television interference. The TVI problem was given full consideration in the design of every circuit as well as in the selection and layout of parts.

The tuned circuits are specially constructed to provide low impedance paths to ground for all harmonic frequencies. Many of the components were selected to avoid self resonance at harmonic frequencies and arranged to eliminate parasitic oscillation. The final amplifier tube was chosen partly because of its suitability for connection to low-impedance circuits. A unique balanced bridge arrangement provides fixed neutralization of the buffer stage and parasitic suppressors are strategically placed in the circuit. All of these measures tend to eliminate TVI by preventing the generation of interferring signals.

Two important TVI proofing features are employed in the output coupling circuits. The tuned output circuit is basically a pi network that has inherently excellent harmonic supression ability. This network may be connected directly to the high impedance output connector that will permit the use of antenna systems having an impedance in the range of from 50 to 600 ohms. For use in locations where TVI is especially serious a second 50 ohm output connector has been provided. This coasector is coupled to the pi network through a special Hallicrafters low pass filter. For maximum efficiency it is important that the antenna be sufficiently well matched so that the standing wave ratio on the 52 ohm coaxial line is less than 1.5. With proper matching all harmonics above 40 mc will be attenuated by at least 90 db in the output coupling circuits without fundamental power loss.

In addition to all of the above measures to prevent TVI special construction or filters have been employed in all connecting leads to the transmitter including the microphone input circuit.

The Model HT-20, as received from the factory, has had every advastage of Hallicrafters advanced engineering to minimize television interference. There are however some types of TVI that cannot be prevented within the transmitter itself. For example when a television receiver is located in the immediate vicinity of the radio transmitter it is entirely possible that a fuadamental signal will reach the input grid of the receiver in sufficient strength to cause interference. In such cases it will be necessary to install a filter or trap at the television receiver. If the interfering signal does not enter the television receiver through the antenna, special shielding or filters on the TV receiver may be necessary. For a discussion of measures that may be used to handle these special television interference problems refer to the booklet entitled "TELEVISION INTERFERENCE", written and published by The Remington Rand Laboratory of Advanced Research, Norwalk, Conn.

OTHER FEATURES

Many features have been included on the Model HT-20 to permit maximum versatility for either amateur or commercial use. Phone or CW operation may be selected by means of a single switch on the front panel. The "Send Receive" switch has been provided with an extra set of contacts that are conveniently wired to a terminal strip on the rear of the chassis. These may be used to operate an antenna switching relay, the standby circuit on a receiver or other associated equipment that the operator may wish to switch simultaneously. The self-contained power supply operates from a power source of 105 - 125 volts 50-60 cycles AC. A special power socket (standard octal socket) is also included on the rear of the chassis to supply plate, bias, and filament voltage for an axternal VFO. A single meter, mounted on the front panel, may be switched to any of the various circuits required for tuning purposes. The appropriate meter shunt is automatically connected during the single switching operation. A special germanium rectifier circuit has been included to permit use of the same meter as a relative carrier level indicator during operation. This feature is a special value in determining transmission line loeding. If rack mounting is desired the transmitter may be removed from its cabinet and will fit in the standard 19 inch radio relay rack.

Reed the installation and operating instructions carefully. They are provided to insure you of the fine performance you have a right to expect from any Hallicrafters precision built product.

INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

UNPACKING - Check all shipping tags and labels for further instructions before removing or destroying them.

LOCATION - The HT-20 Radio Transmitter is provided with a built-in power driven fan for cooling purposes. The transmitter may be placed in any location that will permit free circulation of air through the cabinet openings.

RACK MOUNTING - If rack mounting is desired remove the four screws at each side of the front panel and slide the transmitter from the cabinet. The slots near the edges of the front panel are properly spaced to accommodate mounting screws in a standard 19 inch rack. The shielding that remains attached to the chassis is adequate for TVI proof operation with the cabinet removed.

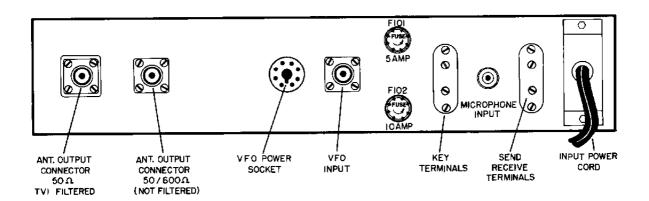


Fig. 2. Connections to Rear of Chassis

REAR CHASSIS CONNECTIONS

All external connections to the transmitter are made to the sockets and terminals provided on the rear of the chassis.

MICROPHONE INPUT - The microphone input will accommodate any high impedance microphone that has an output ievel of -56 db or higher (.004 voits across 250,000 ohms and 180 mmi at 400 CPS for 100% modulation). The microphone cable should be fitted with an Amphenoi Type 75-MC1F connector.

KEY - Two screw type terminals are provided for connecting the key. One section of the EMISSION switch shorts across these terminals to close the keying circuit when set to the "AM" position.

SEND — RECEIVE TERMINALS - The send-receive terminals are connected to an extra pair of contacts on the "SEND-RECEIVE" switch located on the front panel. These contacts are closed when the switch is in the "SEND" position. This feature was included to provide a convenient method of controlling the switching of an antenna relay, receiver standby circuit, or other equipment that the operator may desire to switch simultaneously with the transmitter.

VFO - An external variable-frequency oscillator may be used to control the frequency of the transmitter. The connecting cable should be fitted with an Amphenol type 83-ISP connector or its equivalent. The VFO should have an adjustable output and be capable of developing at least 10 volts across 300 ohms at the VFO input connector. For information concerning appropriate frequencies, refer to the instructions under "VFO OPERATION" on page 8.

VFO POWER SOCKET - A standard octal tube socket on rear of the chassis is provided to supply operating voitages for the external VFO. Use a standard octal plug to make connections. Refer to Fig. 3 for connections, and voltages and currents available. Pin #8 provides an alternate keying connection and is connected to the oscillator cathode circuit. When the EMISSION switch is set to the "CW" position, completion of the circuit from pin #8 to ground will key the transmitter.

output connector (50 OHM) - Use of the 50 ohm TVI filtered output is recommended at all locations that are considered to be in television areas. The connecting cable (52 ohm coax) should be fitted with an Amphenol type 83-1SP connector or its equivalent. The selection of the type of antenna and coupling will depend upon the frequencies used and the purpose of operation. Refer to the ARRL ANTENNA HANDBOOK for detailed information concerning transmitting anteanas.

OUTPUT CONNECTOR (50 to 600 OHM) - A coanecting link located on the underside of the chassis near the POWER-OFF switch must be changed in positinn to permit the use of the 50-600 ohm output. Refer to Fig. 4. The 50-600 ohm output connector is coupled directly to the pi type tuning network in the power amplifier and the TVI filter is not used in this circuit. In areas where there is no TVI problem, the use of this output permits a wider selection as to the impedance range of the antenna system. The output connector is designed for use with a coaxial cable fitted with an Amphenol Type 83-1SP connector or equivalent. The impedance of the coaxial cable should match the impedance of the antenna system being employed.

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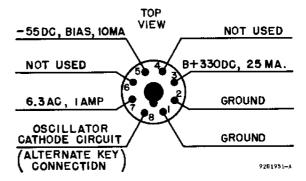


Fig. 3. VFO Power Plug Connections

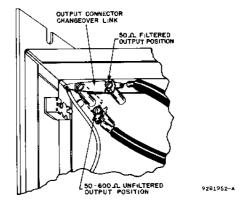


Fig. 4. Output Connector Changeover Link

CRYSTAL INSTALLATION

NOTE

Quartz crystals are not supplied with the Model HT-20 Radio Transmitter or stocked by the Hallicrafters Co. Most of the standard types commercially available are satisfactory for use in this equipment. Oscillator specifications that will be useful when close frequency tolerance quartz crystals are required are given on page 12.

Provision has been made for the iastallation of ten crystals mounted in flat rectangular crystal holders having a pin spacing of .486" and a pin diameter of .093". These crystals are individually switched to control the oscillator frequency by means of the "CRYSTAL SELECTOR" switch on the front panel. In addition, an eleventh crystal holder socket has been provided to accommodate a crystal holder having a pin spacing of .750" and a pin diameter of .125". This socket is wired in parallel with socket number 10 of the group of sockets designed to receive the smaller type of cyrstal holder. Either socket number 10 or the larger socket may be used; but both cannot be used simultaneously.

The crystal holder sockets are located on the top of the chassis directly beneath the access cover that has been provided in the metal shielding. To gain access to the crystals, open the hinged cabinet top and remove the access cover.

OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS

FUNCTION OF OPERATING CONTROLS

POWER — OFF - The POWER-OFF switch is connected in series with the primary windings of the power transformers, and controls all input power to the transmitter.

OUTPUT - The OUTPUT control is a three position rotary switch which is connected in series with the screen grid of the power amplifier. This control permits removal or reduction of screen voltage so that tuning may be accomplished with either reduced or no output from the power amplifier stage.

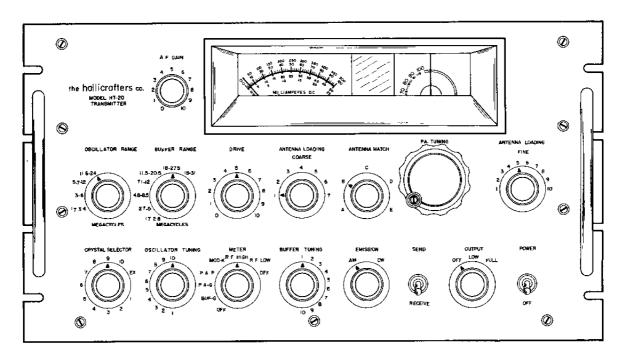
SEND — RECEIVE - The SEND-RECEIVE control is a 3pst switch. One set of contacts is connected in series with the primary winding of the high voltage plate transformer. The second set of contacts is connected in series with the B-lead from the low voltage power supply. All plate and screen voltages are therefore removed from all tubes when this controls is set to the "RECEIVE" position. The remaining two contacts are connected across the SEND-RECEIVE terminal on the rear of the chassis.

EMISSION - The EMISSION switch permits selection of either AM or CW operation. When changing from AM to CW, this switch shorts the secondary winding of the modulation transformer, removes all B+ from the modulator, opens the oscillator cathode circuit to permit keying, and reduces the screen voltage to the power amplifier.

CRYSTAL SELECTOR - The CRYSTAL SELECTOR is an eleven position switch that connects the desired crystal to the grid circuit of the oscillator. When set to the "EX" position, all crystals are removed from the circuit and the VFO connector on the rear of the chassis is connected to the oscillator grid circuit. The frequency is then controlled by means of an external VFO. The oscillator thus becomes a buffer stage which may also be used for frequency multiplication when desired.

OSCILLATOR RANGE - This control varies the inductance of the oscillator tank coil in steps by means of taps provided on the coil. This determines the frequency range over which it is possible to resonate the oscillator tank circuit. The four ranges are indicated in megacycles on the front panel.

OSCILLATOR TUNING - This control is a variable capacitor in the oscillator tank circuit and will resonate this circuit at any desired frequency within the range selected by the setting of the OSCILLATOR RANGE control.



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Fig. 5. Operating Controls

BUFFER RANGE - This control varies the inductance of the buffer tank coil in steps by means of taps provided on the coil. This determines the frequency range over which it is possible to resonate the buffer tank circuit. The seven frequency ranges are indicated in megacycies on the front panel.

BUFFER TUNING - This control is a variable capacitor in the buffer tank circuit and will resonate the circuit at any desired frequency within the range selected by the BUFFER RANGE control.

DRIVE - The DRIVE control is a potentiometer conaected in the screen voltage supply to the buffer tube. Variation of the screen voltage will control the power output from the buffer stage and consequently vary the grid drive to the power amplifier. This control should be set so that the grid current of the power amplifier doss not exceed 20 ma with the OUTPUT control set to the "OFF" position. Refer to the detailed operating procedure on pages 10 and 11 for specific grid drive requirements.

ANTENNA MATCH - The ANTENNA MATCH control switches additional inductance into the power amplifier tank for operation of the transmitter between 1,7 and 3,5 megacycles.

P.A. TUNING - The P.A. TUNING control simultaneously varies both the capacity and inductance of the power amplifier tank circuit. This permits continuous tuning over the entire frequency range of the transmitter while maintaining an optimum LC ratio at all frequencies. The control also drives the calibrated dial.

ANTENNA LOADING (COARSE) - This control varies the loading capacity of the output tuning network in steps. This is accomplished by means of a seven position switch that connects an additional capacitor into the circuit as the switch is advanced to each succeeding position. The approximate desired value of londing capacitance may be obtained by the use of this control.

ANTENNA LOADING (FINE) - This control serves as a vernier between the steps of loading capacity selected by the ANTENNA LOADING (COARSE) control. The ANTENNA LOADING (FINE) control is a variable capacitor which has sufficient range to obtain the desired value of effective capacitance between any two of the steps. It is used as the final adjustment for maximam antenna loading.

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A. F. GAIN - This control is a potentiometer connected in the plate circuit of the microphone pre-amplifier stage. It has sufficient range to permit adjustment for any desired percentage of modulation. No other audio adjustments are required during phone operation.

METER - The meter control is an eight position switch that connects the meter to any one of six circuits wherein the reading will be useful during tuning or operation. The meter is calibrated in four convenient scales and the appropriate shunt is automatically connected as the METER control position is changed. The metered circuits together with typical normal readings are summarized in the chart below.

TYPICAL METER READINGS

METER Controls Meter Connected To Setting		Typical Normal Readings (MA)	Meter Range
BUF - G	Buffer grid circuit.	0.5 - 3.0	0 - 5.0
P.A G	Power amplifier grld circuit.	10	0 - 25
P.A P	Power amplifter plate circuit. Measures plate and screen current when EMISSION switch la set at AM and plate current oaly when EMISSION switch is set at CW.	260 (CW) 320 (AM)	0 - 500
MOD - K	MOD - K Modulator cathode circuit.		0 - 500
R.F. HIGH R.F germanium diode circuit. Reading is proportional to output voltage.		2.5 (300 or 600 ohm output)	0 - 5.0
R.F. LOW	Same as above but a more sensitive scale.	2,5 (50 or 72 ohm output)	0 - 5.0

FREQUENCY MULTIPLICATION

Both the oscillator and buffer tank circuits may be tuned for either "straight through" operation or frequency doubling. In addition, the buffer stage may also be operated as a frequency tripler. In general, however, it is recommended that the crystal frequency be chosen so that it is not necessary to more than double the frequency in either the oscillator or buffer stages. When it is desired to double or triple the crystal frequency, it is suggested that the oscillator be tuned for "straight through" operation and that the frequency multiplication take place in the buffer stage. For optimum performance, use a crystal whose frequency is below 8 megacycles.

VFO OPERATION

The transmitter may be controlled from a separate VFO (variable-frequency oscillator). The information given in the preceeding paragraph coacerning crystal frequencies applies equally to the choice of VFO frequencies.

*SUGGESTED CRYSTALS AND FREQUENCY MULTIPLICATION for AMATUER BAND OPERATION

XTAL or YFO (Meters)	Transmitter Output (Meters)						
	160	80	40	20	15	11 & 10	
160	0 - 1X	0 - 1X	O - 2X				
	B - 1X	B - 2X	B - 2X				
80		0 - 1X	0 - 1X	O - 2X	O - 2X		
		B - 1X	B - 2X	B - 2X	B - 3X		
40		···	O - 1X	O - 1X	0 - 1X	O - 2X	
			B - 1X	B - 2X	B - 3X	B - 2X	

*NOTES

- 1. 1X, 2X, 3X indicates frequency multiplication
- . "O" oscillator tank circuit
 - "B" buffer tank circuit

INITIAL CONTROL SETTINGS

Centrol	Initial Setting					
POWER-OFF	Set at "OFF".					
OUTPUT	Set at "OFF".					
SEND-RECEIVE	Set at "RECEIVE".					
EMISSION	Set for type of operation desired. For CW operation, the key must be closed to complete the oscillator cathode circuit.					
CRYSTAL SELECTOR	To the position that corresponds to the crystal holder socket number that contains the desired crystal. To "EX", if an external oscillator is to be ussd.					
OSCILLATOR RANGE	Set to the range that includes the crystal frequency for "straight through" operation or to the range that includes 2 times the crystal frequency if doubling is required in the oscillator stage.					
OSCILLATOR TUNING	Refer to Fig. 6 on page 11 for the approximate setting of this control. Use the curve that corresponds to the setting of the OSCILLATOR RANGE control.					
BUFFER RANGE	Set to the range that includes the desired output frequency.					
BUFFER TUNING	Refer to Fig. 7 on page 12 for the approximate setting of this coatrol. Use the curve that corresponds to the setting of the BUFFER RANGE control.					
DRIVE	Set at "10".					
ANTENNA MATCH	The setting of the ANTENNA MATCH control depends upon both the output frequency and the output impedance. See chart below for setting of this control.					
	Transmitter Output Frequency	Output Impedance (Ohms)	ANTENNA MATCH Control Setting			
	1.7 - 3.5 MC 1.7 - 3.5 MC	50 72	A A			
	1.7 - 3.5 MC	300	C			
	1.7 - 2.5 MC	600	[C			
	2.5 - 3.5 MC	600	<u>D</u>			
į	3.5 - 31.0 MC	50 to 600	Е			
METER	Set at BUF-G.					
P.A. TUNING	The setting of this control depends upon both the output frequency and the output impedance. Refer to Fig. 8 on page 13 for the approximate setting of this control.					
ANTENNA LOADING (COARSE)	This control should be initially set for minimum loading to prevent damnge to the transmitter during the tune-up procedure. Set it to position "1" if the output frequency is between 1.7 and 3.5 megacycles or to position "7" if the output frequency is between 3.5 and 31 megacycles.					
			ycles.			
ANTENNA LOADING (FINE)		y sst for minimum lose tune-up procedure.	ading to prevent damage Set it to position "1" if ycles or to position "10"			

DETAILED OPERATING PROCEDURE

1. Set all controls to their starting position as shown in the table on page 9.

CAUTION

If you wish to change the position of the ANTENNA MATCH control, ANTENNA LOADING (COARSE) control, or EMISSION control while the transmitter is in operation, first set the OUTPUT coatrol at "LOW" or "OFF".

- 2. Set the POWER-OFF switch in the "POWER" position. Allow at least one minute for the tubes to reach operating temperature.
- 3. Set the SEND-RECEIVE switch in the "SEND" position.
- 4. With the METER control in the "BUF-G" position, adjust the OSCILLATOR TUNING control for maximum buffer grid current.
- 5. Set the METER coatrol to the "P.A.-G" position, turn the DRIVE control to "10" (maximum drive), and adjust the BUFFER TUNING control for maximum P.A. grid current, backing off the DRIVE control if the grid current exceeds 20 ma (0-25 ma meter scale). Retouch the OSCILLATOR TUNING coatrol for maximum P.A. grid current and then reset the DRIVE control for approximately 20 ma
- Set the OUTPUT coatrol in the "LOW" position and the METER control to the "P.A.-P" position. Then adjust the P.A. TUNING control for minimum P.A. plate current.
- 7. Set the OUTPUT control in the "HIGH" position.

CAUTION

Always set the OUTPUT control at either "LOW" or "OFF" before changing the position of the ANTENNA LOAD-ING (COARSE) control.

Adjust the ANTENNA LOADING (COARSE) and the ANTENNA LOADING (FINE) coatrols in steps, each time retuning the P.A. TUNING control for minimum P.A. plate current until maximum loading is obtained (approximately 260 ma for CW operation and 320 ma for phone (AM) operation).

IMPORTANT: To avoid false londing indications, the coarse antenna loading setting should be established hefore any fine antenna loading adjustment is attempted.

When the output frequency is batween 1.7 and 3.5 megacycles, increased londing is obtained by turning the ANTENNA LOADING (COARSE) control from "1" to "7" and the ANTENNA LOADING (FINE) control from "1" to "10" (increasing capacity). When the output frequency is hetween 3.5 and 31 megacycles, increased loading is obtained by turning the ANTENNA LOADING (COARSE) control from "7" to "1" and the ANTENNA LOADING (FINE) control from "10" to "1" (decreasing capacity).

- 9. Set the METER control at "P.A.-G" and adjust the DRIVE control for a reading of 10 ma on the 0-25 ma meter scale.
- 10. For phone operation, advance the A.F. GAIN coatrol until the desired level of modulation is obtained.
- 11. If the type of emission is changed, (i.e., from AM to CW or from CW to AM) it may be necessary to repent step 8 for proper antenna loading.

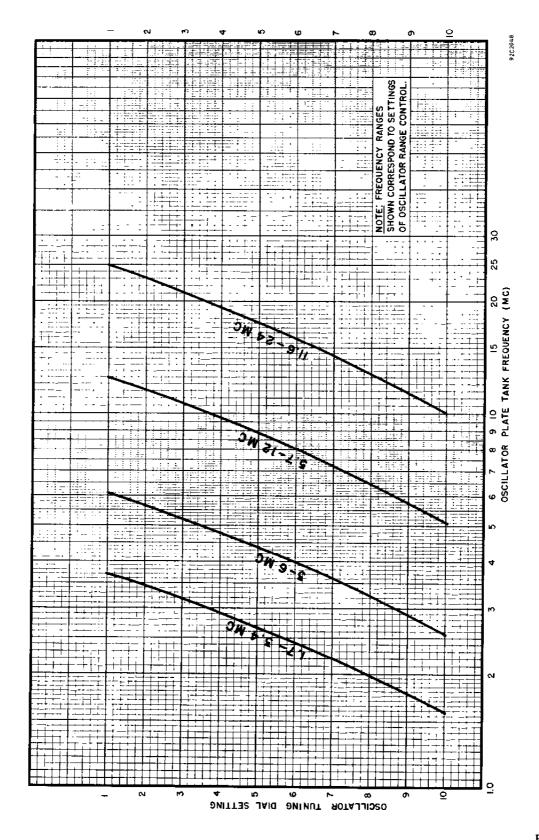
CAUTION

The P.A. plate current, read with the METER switch at "P.A.-P", must never exceed 280 ma. for CW operation or 320 ma for phone operation. Continuous operation above these values will shorten tube life.

12. To use the meter as a carrier indicator, set the METER control at "R.F. HIGH" if the output impedance is 300 or 600 ohms and at "R.F. LOW" if the output impedance is 50 or 72 ohms.

IMPORTANT

The "LOW" position of the OUTPUT control is latended only for use in tuning the transmitter and should not be used for reduced power operation.



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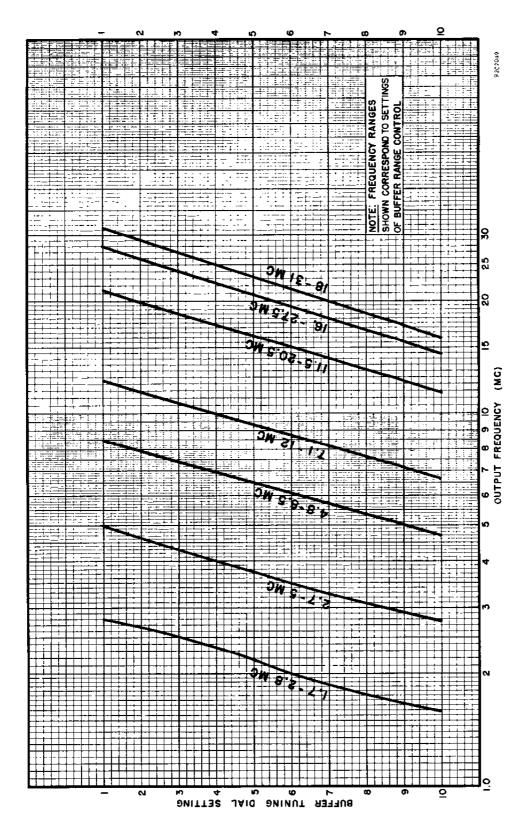


Fig. 7. Tuning Curves for Buffer Tuning Control

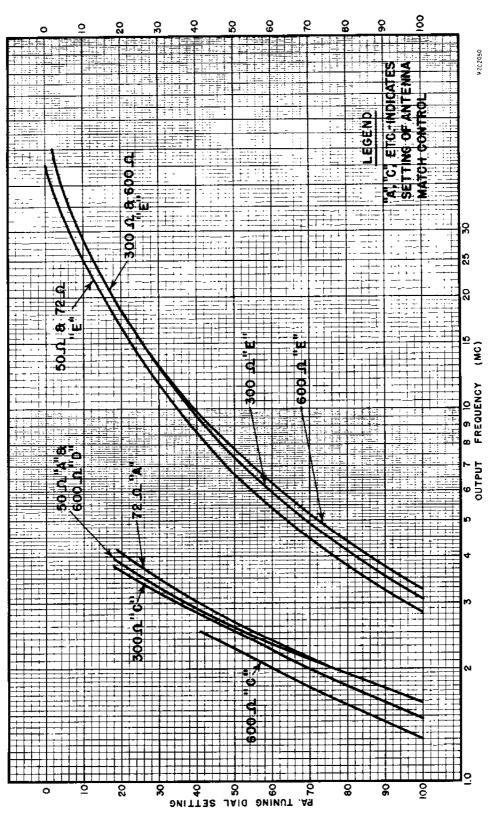


Fig. 8. Tuning Curves for P.A. Tuning Confrol

SERVICE OR OPERATING QUESTIONS - For further information concerning operation or servicing this equipment contact your Hallicrafters dealer. The Hallicrafters Co. maintains an extensive organization of Authorized Service Centers where factory type service will be performed at nominal charge. All HALLICRAFTERS AUTHORIZED SERVICE CENTERS display the sign shown to the right. For the location of the one nearest you consult your local dealer or telephone directory. Make no service shipments to the factory as the Hallicrafters Co. will not accept responsibility for unauthorized shipments.

The Hallicrafters Co. reserves the privilege of making revisions in current production of equipment and assumes no obligation to incorporate these revisions in earlier models.



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SERVICE INSTRUCTIONS

SPECIFICATIONS

CABINET SIZE	2						
RELAY RACK MOUNTING PANEL							
CHASSIS DIME	CHASSIS DIMENSIONS						
	SHIPPING. 125 pounds IN CABINET 105 pounds CHASSIS. 90 pounds						
VOLTAGE INP	UT						
POWER INPUT	1: AM (Zero modulation) 490 watts CW (key down) 435 watts STANDBY 147 watts						
POWER OUT P	UT						
FREQUENCY F	RANGE						
MODULATION	High Level (class AB ₂)						
TUBES	TUBES						
AUDIO FREQUENCY CHARACTERISTICS Frequency response $\pm 1\frac{1}{2}$ db from 265 to 3000 c.p.s. Hum and Noise not less than 40 db below 100% modulation							
SERVICE	AMATEUR or COMMERCIAL. All transformers have less than 50 degree C rise when used in continuous operation						
OSCILLATOR:	TUBE TYPE 6AG7 CIRCUIT Pierce, Electron Coupled						
CIRCUIT AND INTERELECTRODE CAPACITY FROM GRID TO GROUND 34							
CAPACITY FROM SCREEN GRID TO GROUND							
	VOLTAGES MEASURED AT THE TUBE SOCKET TERMINALS Refer to Fig. 10						

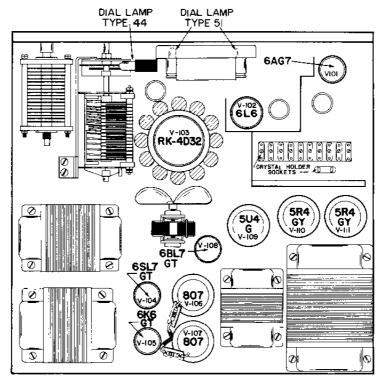


Fig. 9. Location of Tubes, Crystal Sockets, and Dial Lamp

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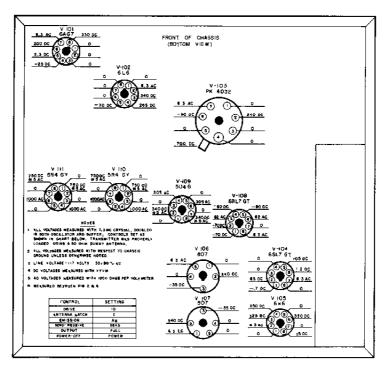


Fig. 10. Tube Socket Voltage Chart

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SERVICE PARTS LIST

Schematic Symbal		Hallicrafters Part Number	Schematic Symbol		Hallicrafters Part Number
	CAPACITORS			RESISTORS (Cont.)	
C-101,110,151	.0047 mfd. 10%, 500V., mica	47X35B472K	R-111	1200 ohms 10%, 2 watt; carbon	23X40X122K
C-102,136,137, 138,139,143,	1000 mmf. 500 V., feedthru capacitor	47B219	R-112,113 R-114	10 ohms 10%, $\frac{1}{2}$ watt; carbon 6.8 ohms 10%, 1 watt; carbon	23X20X100K
165,166 C-103,104,105,	.01 mfd.+80 -20%, 450 V.;	47A224	R-115,116	(part of L-107) 220,000 ohms 10%, 2 watt;	
107,109,114, 117,118,144	ceramic disc	417244	R-117,121	carbon 10%, $\frac{1}{2}$ watt;	23X40X224K
153,159,160 C-106,112	11-250 mmf., variable air: Buffer Tuning and Oscil-		R-118	carbon 6800 ohms 10%, $\frac{1}{2}$ watt;	23X20X101K
G 100 140	lator Tuning controls 100 mmf. 10%, 500V.; mlca	48C301 47X20B101K	R-119,138	carbon .22 ohms 1%; meter shunt	23X20X682K 53B275
C-108,142 C-111	3 mmf. 500V., ceramic 330 mmf. 10%., 500V. mica	47X20UK030K/D 47X25B331K		10,000 ohms 10%, 20 watt; wirewound	24BH103E
C-113 C-115,116	25 mmf. 10%, 1000V.;	47A312	R-122,128	2200 ohms 10%, $\frac{1}{2}$ watt; carbon	23X20X222K
C-119,120	N470, ceramic .001 mfd. 3000V., ceramic	47A311	R-123,127	22,000 ohms 10%, ½ watt; carbon	23X20X223K
C-121	disc .002 mfd. 10%, 2500V.; mlca	47X50B202K	R-124	4.7 megohms 10%, ½ watt; carbon	23X20X475K
C-122 and L-109	P.A. Tuning capacitor and rotary inductor coil assembly;		R-125	500,000 ohms, variable; A.F. Gain control	25B586
G 100	complete with gears and coupling	48D306 47X50B472K	R-126,129,130	470,000 ohms 10%, ½ watt, carbon	23X20X474K
C-123 C-124	.0047 mfd. 10%, 2500V.; mica 15-353 mmf., variable air;	48D299	R-131 R-132	390 ohms 10%, 2 watt; carbon 15,000 ohms 10%, 2 watt;	
C-125,126,127	Antenna Loading Fine 300 mmf. 10%, 500V.; mica 300 mmf. 10%, 2500V.; mlca	47X20A301K 47X45B301K	R-133	carbon 15,000 ohms 10%, 1 watt;	23X40X153K
C-128,129 C-130	150 mmf. 10%, 2500V.; mica Feedthru capacitors (see	47X45B151K	R-137,139	carbon 100 ohms 10%, 2 watt; carbon	23X30X153K 23X40X101K
C-131,132,133, 124,135	Miscellaneous Parts for part numbers of teflon		R-140	2200 ohms 10%, 2 watt; carbon	23X40X222K
C-140 149 159	insulators) .02 mfd.+80 -20%, 500V.;		R-141	4700 ohms 10%, 2 watt; carbon	23X40X472K
C-140,148,152, 154 C-141	ceramic disc 10 mmf. 10%, 500V., ceramic	47B242 47X20UJ100K	R-142,143	1000 chms 10%, 10 watt; wirewound	24BG102E
C-145,146 C-147,150	100 mmf. 10%, 500V., ceramic .047 mfd. 5%, 600V.; molded	47X20UK101K	R-144	50,000 ohms 10%, 20 watt; wirewound	24BH503E
C-147,100 C-149	tubular papar 5 mfd, 50V., 10 mfd, 50V.,	48BS473J6	R-145	30,000 ohms 10%, 10 watt; wirewound	24BG303E
C-155_156	40 mfd. 450V.; electrolytic 30 mfd. 150V., electrolytic	45B227 45A090		COILS AND TRANSFORMERS	
C-157 C-158	100 mfd. 50V., electrolytic 80-40 mfd. 475V., electrolytic	45A115 45B226	L-101	Coll, oscillator	51C1587
C-161,162	1000 mmf. 500V., feedthru	47B310	L-102 L-103	Coll, buffer peaking Coil, buffer; low frequency	51B1599 51C1595
C-163	capacitor 10 mfd. 1000V., oil filled paper		L-104 L-105,108	Coil, buffer; high frequency Choke, R.F.: 2.5 mh	51B1596 53A150
C-164	.1 mfd. 20%, 2000V.; molded paper	46A224	L-107	Suppressor, paranitic (wound	
C-167	1000 mmf. 10%, 500V.; mica	47X25B102K	L-108	on 6.8 ohm, 1 watt resistor Choke, plate; 4.3 mh, 0.6 am	
	RESISTORS		L-109	12 ohms Rotary inductor coil (see	-
R-101	300 ohms 10%, 10 watt; wirewound	24BG301E	L-110	C-122 under Capacitors) Coll, antenan match	51C1598
R-102	47,000 ohms 10%, ½ watt; carbon	23X20X47 3 K	L-111,116 L-112,115	Coll, LP filter; 5 turas Coll, LP filter; 7 turun	51B1602 51B1601
R-103,105,135, 136	100 ohms 10%, 1 watt; carbon	23X30X101K	L-113,114 L-117	Coil, LP filter; 8 turas Choke, filter; LV supply;	51B1600
R-104	22,000 chms 10%, 2 watt; carbon	23X40X223K	L-118,119	2.5H, 200 ma, 90 ohms Choke, filter; AC line	56C160 53C276
R-106	33,000 ohms 10%, 2 watt; carbon	23X40X333K	L-120	Choke, filter; HV supply; 10H, 350 ma. 75 ohms	56D149
R-107,134	10,000 ohms 10%, 1 watt; carbon	23X30X103K	T-101 T-102	Transformer, driver Transformer, modulation	55C201 55C200
R-108 R-109	220 ohms 10%, 1 watt; carbon 25,000 ohms 4 watt, variable	23X30X221K	T-103	Transformer, power; low voltage supply	52C264
R-110	wirewound; Drive control 5000 ohms 10%, 10 watt;	25B1055	T-104	Transformer, power; high high voltage supply	52C262
250	wirewound	24BG502E			

SERVICE PARTS LIST (Cont.)

Schematic Symbol	Description	Hailicrafters Part Number	Schematic Symbol		Hallicrafters Part Number
	SWITCHES			MISCELLANEOUS PARTS (Cont.)	
S-101	Crystal Selector	60C519		Dial Scale Assembly,	
S-102	Oscillator Range	60C512		P.A. Tuning	83B426
S-103 S-104	Buffer Range Output	60C513 60C562		Escutcheon, meter and P.A. tuning dial	7D416
8-105	Antenna Maich	60C566		Foot, mtg.; rubber	16A029
S-106	Antenna Loading Coarse	60C516		Front panel	68D215
S-107	Meter	60C514	F-101	Fuse, 5 amp 250V.; type	
S-108	Emission (AM-CW)	60C517		3AG	39A313
S-109 S-110	Send-Receive; 3pst toggle	60C518 60A138	F-102	Fuse, 10 amp, 260V.; type 3AG	39A380
9-110	Power-Off; spst toggle	00A130		Grommet, rubber	16A125
	TUBE COMPLEMENT			Handle	30B192
	THE COMMITTING			Holder, fuse	6A451
V-101	6AG7: crystal oscillator	90X8AG7		Hood; for 50 to 600 ohm output	
V-102 V-103	6L6: buffer multiplier 4D32: power amplifier	90X6L6 90X4D32		coaxial counector; AN type UG-108/U	10A055
V-104	6SL7: audio pre-amplifier	90X6SL7		Insulator, feed-thru;	1011000
V-105	6K6: driver	90X6K6		steatite; 5/8" lg overall,	
V-108,107	807: modulators	90X807		1/2" od, .143" id	8A1014
V-108	6BL7: bias rectifier	90X6BL7		Insulator, feed-thru;	
V-109	5U4: low voltage rectifier	90X5U4		steatite; 3/8" lg overall, 1/2" od143" id	8A1015
V-110,111	5R4GY: high volinge rectifiers	90X5R4GY		Insulator, standoff;	OAIUIU
		001101101		phanolic; 1-1/2" lg.	
	CONNECTORS			3/8" od, 6/32" id	8A1975
				Insulator, teflon, 1-3/4"	
PL-101	Line cord and plug	87A481		x 2" x .015"; used in LP	8A1976
S O-101,102, 103	Coanector, coaxial; female; AN type SO-239; VFO			filter box Insulator, teflon; 1-1/8"	OVIDIO
100	laput 50-Ohm Output,			x 1-7/8" x .015"; used in	
	50-600 Ohms Output	10A056		LP filter box	8A1977
90~ 105	Connector, Microphone laput	29A043		Insulator, teflon; 1" x1" x	
	Socket assembly, dial lamp;	060107		.015"; used ia LP filter box	
	meter Socket assembly, dial lamp;	86B107		Knob, A.F. Gaia control Knob, control; with skirt	15B258 15B383
	P.A. Tuniag dial	86A137		Knob, P.A. Tuniag	15B570
	Socket, crystal; 1/2" pln		LM-103	Lamp, pilot; type 44;	
	speciag	6A346		P.A. tuning dial	39A003
	Socket, crystal; 3/4" pin	61010	LM-101,102	Lamp, pilot; type 51;	90 A 090
	spaciag	6A240 6A009		meter Lock, line cord	39 A 03 0 76 B 75 6
	Socket, tube; 5 pla Socket, tube; glant 7 pla	6A210	M-101	Meter, DC; 0-5 ma	82D227
	Socket, inbe; octal	6A317	MO-101	Motor, blower; less fan	
TS-101,102	Terminal strip, Key and			blade	20A050
	Send-Receive	88A020	\$5 1.01	Pointer, dial	83B232
			X-101	Rectifier, germanium type 1N64	19B1864
	MISCELLANEOUS PARTS			Screen, escutcheon	69C538
	Blade, fan	80B004		Shaft, insulated; phanolic;	
	Cabinet; less front panel	66E 878		1-1/4" lg, 1/4" d	8A1993
	Cap, modulator grid	76A071		Shield, dial lamp	86A037
	Cap, power amplifier plate Clamp, ocial tube	76A008 76A1067		Shield, tube; miniature 7 pin Shield, tube; octal	69A065 69A356
	Clip, mtg.; for L-118 and	(AVIAN)		Spacer, fiber; .5" od,	ABU000
	L-119	76A868		.144" id375" h	8A717
	Clip, mtg.; V-104 tube shleld	76A1023		Washer, flat insulating;	
	Covar, access; crystal	63C903		phenolic; .1875" id,	441190
	Cover, chansis bottom	66D882 66D581		,625" od. ,125" thick	4A1128
	Covar, chansis top front Cover, chassis top rear	69D557		Washer, flat insulating; teflon; 609" od, .169" id,	
	carrest annual role a con-			.03" thick; used in LP	
				filter box	4A1168

